# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248

## WATER QUALITY BASED EFFLUENT LIMIT CALCULATIONS FOR FRESHWATER

WQBELs Calculation Summary

Facility Name: NPDES Number: Session ID: Session Name: User Name: Session Date:	CA T FV Ca	IID El Centro Generating CA0104248 14 FW Run No. 1 Carmj 2/21/03			
Copper (Cu) Cyanide (CN) Selenium (Se) Thallium (T1)	AMEL(ug/1) 22.1674 4.2570 4.0933 6.3000	MDEL(ug/l) 44.4887 8.5436 8.2150 12.6437			
Period used for effluent dat Period used for ambient data					
STREAM CONDITIONS:  Ambient TSS (mg/l)  Ambient Hardness (  Ambient pH (SU):		30 348 7.37			
MIXING CONDITIONS:  Acute Receiving Wa  Facility Maximum D  Acute Dilution Rat	Daily Flow (MGD):	1 1 0			
Chronic Receiving Facility 4-day avg Chronic Dilution R	g Daily max flow (MGD)	1 1 0			
Human Health Recei Long Term Mean Flo Human Health Dilut		): 1 1 0			

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248

## WATER QUALITY BASED EFFLUENT LIMIT CALCULATIONS FOR SALT WATER

WQBELs	Calcul	ation	Summary
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Facility Name: NPDES Number: Session ID: Session Name: User Name: Session Date:		IID El Centro Generati CA0104248 16 SW Run No. 1 Carmj 2/21/03
Copper (Cu) Cyanide (CN)	AMEL(ug/l) 2.3917 0.4983	MDEL(ug/1) 4.8000 1.0000
Nickel (Ni) Thallium (Tl) Zinc (Zn)	6.7130 6.3000 44.8444	13.4727 12.6437 90.0000
eriod used for effluent data: eriod used for ambient data:  TREAM CONDITIONS:	From 6/7/01	
Ambient pH (SU):  IXING CONDITIONS:  Acute Receiving Water Facility Maximum Daily Acute Dilution Ratio:		7.29 1 1 0
Chronic Receiving Wate Facility 4-day avg Da: Chronic Dilution Ratio	ily max flow (MC	1 ED): 1 0

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 COMPLIANCE SUMMARY REPORT

Compliance	Summary	Report
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compilation banancing	Report		
Facility Name: NPDES Number: Session ID:			IID El Centro Generating CA0104248 14
Session Name: User Name: Session Date:			FW Run No. 1 Carmj 2/21/03
Cyanide (CN) Value 10	Detect True	MDEL (ug/l) = 8.54 Date 5/2/01	3631 ML (ug/l) = 5 Compliance Non Compliant
Selenium (Se) Value 10	Detect True	Date 5/2/01	503 ML (ug/l) = 1 Compliance Non Compliant
9 Thallium (Tl)	True	12/11/01  MDEL (ug/l) = 12.6	Non Compliant  4372 ML (ug/l) = 1
Value 14	Detect True		Compliance Non Compliant
	Compli	ance Summary Report	
Facility Name: NPDES Number: Session ID:			IID El Centro Generating CA0104248 16
Session Name: User Name: Session Date:			SW Run No. 1 Carmj 2/21/03
Copper (Cu) Value 32 13	Detect True True	MDEL (ug/l) = 4.8 Date 5/2/01 12/11/01	ML (ug/1) = 0.5 Compliance Non Compliant Non Compliant
Cyanide (CN) Value 10	Detect True	MDEL (ug/l) = 1 Date 5/2/01	<pre>ML (ug/l) = 5 Compliance Non Compliant</pre>
Thallium (Tl) Value 14	Detect True	MDEL (ug/l) = 12.6 Date 12/11/01	4372 ML (ug/l) = 1 Compliance Non Compliant

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 REASONABLE POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT

Facility Name : IID El Centro Generating

NPDES Number : CA0104248

CAPWTT Session ID : 14

CAPWTT Session Name : FW Run No. 1
CAPWTT Session Date : 2/21/03

Pollutant : Copper (Cu) ISWP Criteria : 27.078 ug/l WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 2 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 32 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Copper (Cu).

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Pollutant : Cyanide (CN)
ISWP Criteria : 5.200 ug/l
WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 1 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 10 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Cyanide (CN).

Pollutant : Selenium (Se) ISWP Criteria : 5.000 ug/l WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 2 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 10 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Selenium (Se).

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Pollutant: Thallium (TI)
ISWP Criteria: 6.300 ug/l
WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 1 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 14 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Thallium (TI).

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 REASONABLE POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

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#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT

Facility Name : IID El Centro Generating

NPDES Number : CA0104248

CAPWTT Session ID : 16

CAPWTT Session Name : SW Run No. 1 CAPWTT Session Date : 2/21/03

Pollutant : Copper (Cu) ISWP Criteria : 3.100 ug/l WQBEL Required?: YES

#### **EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:**

This pollutant was detected 2 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 32 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Copper (Cu).

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Pollutant : Cyanide (CN)
ISWP Criteria : 1.000 ug/l
WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 1 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 10 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Cyanide (CN).

Pollutant : Nickel (Ni) ISWP Criteria : 8.200 ug/l WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 1 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 12 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Nickel (Ni).

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Pollutant: Thallium (TI)
ISWP Criteria: 6.300 ug/l
WQBEL Required?: YES

#### EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 1 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 14 ug/L (detect)

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

MEC is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Thallium (TI).

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 REASONABLE POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

Pollutant : Zinc (Zn)
ISWP Criteria : 81.000 ug/l
WQBEL Required?: YES

#### **EFFLUENT DATA SUMMARY:**

This pollutant was detected 2 times out of 2 observations. The MEC is set to the maximum detected value.

MEC = 78 ug/L (detect) and is LESS THAN the criterion requiring analysis of ambient data.

#### AMBIENT DATA SUMMARY:

This pollutant was detected 2 times out of 2 observations. The B is set to the maximum detected value.

B = 103 ug/l

#### REASONABLE POTENTIAL:

B (detect) is GREATER THAN the criterion requiring an effluent limitation for Zinc (Zn).

#### NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE **FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CRITERIA CALCULATION SUMMARY FOR METALS & POLLUTANTS**

#### CRITERIA CALCULATION SUMMARY FOR METALS & POLLUTANTS WITH SSOs

Facility Name : IID El Centro Generating

NPDÉS Number : CA0104248

CAPWTT Session ID : 14 CAPWTT Session Name : FW Run No. 1 CAPWTT Session Date : 2/21/03

Ambient TSS (mg/l) 30 Ambient Hardness (mg/l CaCO3) 348 Ambient pH (SU) 7.37

Copper (Cu) **EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 0.96 CF Chronic: 0.96

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : 45.32891 Chronic Criteria (ug/l) : 27.0776 Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : NA

Cyanide

EPA CF Factors

CF Acute : 1 CF Chronic: 1

: 22 Acute Criteria (ug/l) -.... Unteria (ug/l)
Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : 5.2 : 220000

Selenium (Se) **EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 1 CF Chronic: 1

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : NA Chronic Criteria (ug/l) : 5 Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : NA

#### NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE **FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CRITERIA CALCULATION SUMMARY FOR METALS & POLLUTANTS**

#### CRITERIA CALCULATION SUMMARY FOR METALS & POLLUTANTS WITH SSOs

**Facility Name** : IID El Centro Generating

NPDES Number : CA0104248

CAPWTT Session ID : 16
CAPWTT Session Name : SW Run No. 1
CAPWTT Session Date : 2/21/03

Ambient TSS (mg/l) 30 Ambient Hardness (mg/l CaCO3) 348 Ambient pH (SU) 7.29

Copper (Cu) **EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 0.83 CF Chronic: 0.83

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : 4.8 Chronic Criteria (ug/l) : 3.1 Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : NA

Cyanide

**EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 1 CF Chronic: 1

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : 1 Chronic Criteria (ug/l) : 1

Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : 220000

Nickel (Ni)

**EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 0.99 CF Chronic: 0.99

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : 74 : 8.2 Chronic Criteria (ug/l) Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : 4600

Zinc (Zn) **EPA CF Factors** 

CF Acute : 0.946 CF Chronic: 0.946

Acute Criteria (ug/l) : 90 Chronic Criteria (ug/l) : 81 Human Health Criteria (ug/l) : NA

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

### PART 1 CALCULATION OF EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION ALLOWANCES (ECA)

For each water quality criterion/objective, calculate the effluent concentration allowance (*ECA*) using the following steady-state mass balance equation:

ECA = C + D(C - B) when C > B, and

ECA = C when  $C \leq B$ ,

where C = the priority pollutant criterion/objective, adjusted (as described in

section 1.2), if necessary, for hardness, pH, and translators (as

described in section 1.4.1);

D = the dilution credit (as determined in section 1.4.2); and

B = the ambient background concentration. The ambient background concentration shall be the observed maximum as determined in accordance with section 1.4.3.1 with the exception that an ECA calculated from a priority pollutant criterion/objective that is intended to protect human health from carcinogenic effects shall use the ambient background concentration as an arithmetic mean determined in accordance with section 1.4.3.2.

The concentration units for *C* and *B* must be identical. Both *C* and *B* shall be expressed as total recoverable, unless inappropriate. The dilution credit is unitless.

#### VALUES USED IN ECA CALCULATON

Pollutant	Ambient	С	D	ECA	С	D	ECA	СНН	D	ECA HH
	В	Acute	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Chronic		НН	
Copper	27	4.8	0	4.8	3.1	0	3.1	NA	0	NA
Cyanide	10	1	0	1	1	0	1	220000	0	220000
Nickel	14	74	0	74	8.2	0	8.2	4600	0	4600
Selenium	11	NA	0	NA	5	0	5	NA	0	NA
Thallium	15	NA	0	NA	NA	0	NA	6.3	0	6.3
Zinc	103	90	0	90	81	0	81	NA	0	NA

#### **FOR COPPER (acute)**

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C _{ACUTE} + D _{ACUTE} x (C _{ACUTE} - Ambient B)$ 

 $ECA_{ACUTE} = 4.8$ 

### FOR COPPER (chronic)

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C$   $_{CHRONIC} + D$   $_{CHRONIC} x$  (C  $_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B$ )

 $ECA_{CHRONIC} = 3.1$ 

#### FOR CYANIDE (acute)

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C$   $_{ACUTE} + D$   $_{ACUTE}$  x (C  $_{ACUTE}$  - Ambient B)

 $ECA_{ACUTE} = 1$ 

### FOR CYANIDE (chronic)

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C_{CHRONIC} + D_{CHRONIC} \times (C_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B)$ 

ECA CHRONIC =1

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

### **FOR NICKEL (acute)**

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C$   $_{ACUTE} + D$   $_{ACUTE} x$  (C  $_{ACUTE} - Ambient B$ ) ECA  $_{ACUTE} = 74$ 

#### **FOR NICKEL (chronic)**

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C$   $_{CHRONIC} + D$   $_{CHRONIC} x$  (C  $_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B$ ) ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = 8.2$ 

#### **FOR SELENIUM (acute)**

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C$   $_{ACUTE} + D$   $_{ACUTE}$  x (C  $_{ACUTE}$  - Ambient B) ECA  $_{ACUTE} = NA$ 

## FOR SELENIUM (chronic)

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C$   $_{CHRONIC} + D$   $_{CHRONIC} x$  (C  $_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B$ )
ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = 5$ 

### FOR THALLIUM (acute)

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C$   $_{ACUTE} + D$   $_{ACUTE}$  x (C  $_{ACUTE}$  - Ambient B) ECA  $_{ACUTE} = NA$ 

### **FOR THALLIUM(chronic)**

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C$   $_{CHRONIC} + D$   $_{CHRONIC} x$  (C  $_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B$ ) ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = NA$ 

#### FOR ZINC (acute)

ECA  $_{ACUTE} = C$   $_{ACUTE} + D$   $_{ACUTE}$  x (C  $_{ACUTE}$  - Ambient B) ECA  $_{ACUTE} = 90$ 

#### FOR ZINC (chronic)

ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = C$   $_{CHRONIC} + D$   $_{CHRONIC} x$  (C  $_{CHRONIC} - Ambient B$ )
ECA  $_{CHRONIC} = 81$ 

Pollutant	ECA <sub>Acute</sub> (μg/L)	ECA <sub>Chronic</sub> (µg/L)
Copper	4.8	3.1
Cyanide	1	1
Nickel	74	8.2
Selenium	NA	5
Thallium	NA	NA
Zinc	90	81

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

## STEP 2 CALCULATIONS OF LONG TERM AVERAGES (LTA)

For each ECA based on an aquatic life criterion/objective, determine the long-term average discharge condition (LTA) by multiplying the ECA with a factor (multiplier) that adjusts for effluent variability. The multiplier shall be calculated as described below, or shall be found in Table 1. To use Table 1, the \*coefficient of variation (CV) for the effluent pollutant concentration data must first be calculated. If (a) the number of effluent data points is less than ten, or (b) at least 80 percent of the data are reported as not detected, the CV shall be set equal to 0.6. When calculating CV in this procedure, if an effluent data point is below the detection limit for the pollutant in that sample, one-half of the detection limit shall be used as a value in the calculations. Multipliers for acute and chronic criteria/objectives that correspond to the CV can then be found in Table 1.

	WLa Mu	ultipliers	
Cv	95th	99	
	percentile	percentile	
0.1	0.853	0.797	
0.2	0.736	0.643	
0.3	0.644	0.527	
0.4	0.571	0.44	Acute
0.5	0.514	0.373	
0.6	0.468	0.321	
0.7	0.432	0.281	
8.0	0.403	0.249	
0.9	0.379	0.224	Table 5-1
1	0.360	0.204	
1.1	0.344	0.187	
1.2	0.330	0.174	
1.3	0.319	0.162	
1.4	0.310	0.153	
1.5	0.302	0.144	
1.6	0.296	0.137	
1.7	0.290	0.131	
1.8	0.285	0.126	
1.9	0.281	0.121	
2	0.277	0.117	

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

	WLa M	ultipliers	
Cv	95th	99	
	percentile	percentile	
0.1	0.922	0.891	
0.2	0.853	0.797	
0.3	0.791	0.715	
0.4	0.736	0.643	Chronic
0.5	0.687	0.581	
0.6	0.644	0.527	
0.7	0.606	0.481	
8.0	0.571	0.440	
0.9	0.541	0.404	Table 5-1
1	0.514	0.373	
1.1	0.490	0.345	
1.2	0.468	0.321	
1.3	0.449	0.300	
1.4	0.432	0.281	
1.5	0.417	0.264	
1.6	0.403	0.249	
1.7	0.390	0.236	
1.8	0.379	0.224	
1.9	0.369	0.214	
2	0.360	0.204	

LTA Equations

LTA <sub>Acute</sub> = ECA <sub>Acute</sub> \* ECA multiplier <sub>Acute 99</sub> (from Table 1)

LTA Chronic = ECA Chronic \* ECA multiplier Chronic 99 (from Table 1)

#### VALUES USED IN LTA CALCULATON

Pollutant	CV Q	Sigma	Mult	Mult	LTA	LTA	LTA
			Acute	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Min
Copper	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	1.541	1.635	1.541
Cyanide	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	0.321	0.527	0.321
Nickel	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	23.75	4.324	4.324
Selenium	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	NA	2.637	2.637
Thallium	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	0.6	0.555	0.321	0.527	28.885	42.712	28.885

## FOR COPPER (acute)

LTA  $_{ACUTE}$  = ECA  $_{ACUTE}$  x ECA multiplier  $_{Acute 99}$ 

LTA  $_{ACUTE} = 4.8 \times 0.321 = 1.54$ 

### **FOR COPPER (chronic)**

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC x ECA multiplier Chronic 99

LTA  $_{CHRONIC} = 3.1 \times 0.527 = 1.63$ 

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

#### **FOR CYANIDE (acute)**

LTA ACUTE = ECA ACUTE x ECA multiplier Acute 99

LTA  $_{ACUTE} = 1 \times 0.321 = 0.321$ 

#### **FOR CYANIDE (chronic)**

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC x ECA multiplier Chronic 99

 $LTA_{CHRONIC} = 1 \times 0.527 = 0.527$ 

#### **FOR NICKEL (acute)**

LTA  $_{ACUTE}$  = ECA  $_{ACUTE}$  x ECA multiplier  $_{Acute 99}$ 

LTA  $_{ACUTE} = 74 \times 0.321 = 23.75$ 

#### **FOR NICKEL (chronic)**

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC x ECA multiplier Chronic 99

LTA  $_{CHRONIC} = 8.2 \times 0.321 = 4.324$ 

#### **FOR SELENIUM (acute)**

LTA ACUTE = ECA ACUTE x ECA multiplier Acute 99

 $LTA_{ACUTE} = NA \times NA = NA$ 

#### **FOR SELENIUM (chronic)**

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC x ECA multiplier Chronic 99

LTA  $_{CHRONIC} = 5 \times 0.527 = 2.637$ 

#### FOR THALLIUM (acute)

LTA ACUTE = ECA ACUTE X ECA multiplier Acute 99

 $LTA_{ACUTE} = NA \times NA = NA$ 

#### FOR THALLIUM (chronic)

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC x ECA multiplier Chronic 99

 $LTA_{CHRONIC} = NA \times NA = NA$ 

#### FOR ZINC (acute)

LTA  $_{ACUTE}$  = ECA  $_{ACUTE}$  x ECA multiplier  $_{Acute 99}$ 

LTA  $_{ACUTE} = 90 \times 0.321 = 28.8$ 

#### **FOR ZINC (chronic)**

LTA CHRONIC = ECA CHRONIC X ECA multiplier Chronic 99

LTA  $_{CHRONIC} = 81 \times 0.527 = 42.7$ 

Select the lowest (most limiting) of the *LTA*s for the pollutant derived in *Step 2*.

LTA

Pollutant	LTA Acute (µg/L)	LTA Chronic (µg/L)
Copper	1.541	
Cyanide	0.321	
Nickel		4.324
Selenium	NA	2.637
Thallium	NA	NA
Zinc	28.885	

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

STEP 3 CALCULATIONS OF AVERAGE MONTHLY EFFLUENT LIMITATION (AMEL) AND MAXIMUM DAILY EFFLUENT LIMITATION (MDEL)

Calculate water quality-based effluent limitations (an \*average monthly effluent limitation, AMEL, and a \*maximum daily effluent limitation, MDEL) by multiplying the most limiting *LTA* (as selected in *Step 2*) with a factor (multiplier) that adjusts for the averaging periods and exceedance frequencies of the criteria/objectives and the effluent limitations, and the effluent monitoring frequency as follows:

AMEL aquatic life = 
$$LTA * AMEL$$
 multiplier95 (from Table 5-2)  
MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA * MDEL$  multiplier99 (from Table 5-2)

The AMEL and MDEL multipliers shall be calculated as described below, or shall be found in Table 5-2 using the previously calculated CV and the monthly sampling frequency (n) of the pollutant in the effluent. If the sampling frequency is four times a month or less, n shall be set equal to 4. For this method only, maximum daily effluent limitations shall be used for publicly-owned treatment works (POTWs) in place of average weekly limitations.

	LTA mu	ıltipliers	
Cv	95th	99	
	percentile	percentile	
0.1	1.170	1.25	
0.2	1.360	1.55	
0.3	1.550	1.9	Mar I are Dall
0.4	1.750	2.27	<u> Maximum Daily</u>
0.5	1.950	2.68	Limit MDL
0.6	2.130	3.11	
0.7	2.310	3.56	
0.8	2.480	4.01	
0.9	2.640	4.46	<u>Table 5-2</u>
1	2.780	4.9	
1.1	2.910	5.34	
1.2	3.030	5.76	
1.3	3.130	6.17	
1.4	3.230	6.56	
1.5	3.310	6.93	
1.6	3.380	7.29	
1.7	3.450	7.63	
1.8	3.510	7.95	
1.9	3.560	8.26	
2	3.600	8.55	

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID El Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

	LTA Multipliers										
Cv		th percen	tile		99 percentile						
	n=1	n=2	n=4	n=10	n=30	n=1	n=2	n=4	n=10	n=30	
0.1	1.170	1.12	1.08	1.06	1.03	1.25	1.18	1.121	1.08	1.04	
0.2	1.360	1.25	1.17	1.12	1.06	1.55	1.37	1.25	1.16	1.09	
0.3	1.550	1.38	1.26	1.18	1.09	1.9	1.59	1.4	1.24	1.13	
0.4	1.750	1.52	1.36	1.25	1.12	2.27	1.83	1.55	1.33	1.18	
0.5	1.950	1.66	1.45	1.31	1.16	2.68	2.09	1.72	1.42	1.23	
0.6	2.130	1.8	1.55	1.38	1.19	3.11	2.37	1.9	1.52	1.28	
0.7	2.310	1.94	1.65	1.45	1.22	3.56	2.66	2.08	1.62	1.33	
8.0	2.480	2.07	1.75	1.52	1.26	4.01	2.96	2.27	1.73	1.39	
0.9	2.640	2.2	1.85	1.59	1.29	4.46	3.28	2.48	1.84	1.44	
1	2.780	2.33	1.95	1.66	1.33	4.9	3.59	2.68	1.96	1.5	
1.1	2.910	2.45	2.04	1.73	1.36	5.34	3.91	2.9	2.07	1.56	
1.2	3.030	2.56	2.13	1.8	1.39	5.76	4.23	3.11	2.19	1.62	
1.3	3.130	2.67	2.23	1.87	1.43	6.17	4.55	3.34	2.32	1.68	
1.4	3.230	2.77	2.31	1.94	1.47	6.56	4.86	3.56	2.45	1.74	
1.5	3.310	2.86	2.4	2	1.5	6.93	5.17	3.78	2.58	1.8	
1.6	3.380	2.95	2.48	2.07	1.54	7.29	5.47	4.01	2.71	1.87	
1.7	3.450	3.03	2.56	2.14	1.57	7.63	5.77	4.23	2.84	1.93	
1.8	3.510	3.1	2.64	2.2	1.61	7.95	6.06	4.46	2.98	2	
1.9	3.560	3.17	2.71	2.27	1.64	8.26	6.34	4.68	3.12	2.07	
2	3.600	3.23	2.78	2.33	1.68	8.55	6.61	4.9	3.26	2.14	

## **Average Monthly Limit (AML) Table 5-2**

For the applicable human health criterion/objective, set the AMEL equal to the ECA (from  $Step\ 1$ ).

AMELhuman health = ECA

To calculate the MDEL for a human health criterion/objective, multiply the *ECA* by the ratio of the MDEL multiplier to the AMEL multiplier.

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

#### VALUES USED IN AMEL MDEL CALCULATON

Pollutant	LTA	CV	N	AMEL	AMEL	MDEL	MDEL	AMEL	MDEL/AMEL	MDEL
	Min	Q	samp	Mult	Aqua	Mult	Aqua	HH		НН
Copper	1.541	0.6	4	1.553	2.392	3.116	4.8	NA	2.0069	NA
Cyanide	0.321	0.6	4	1.553	0.498	3.116	1	220000	2.0069	441526
Nickel	4.324	0.6	4	1.553	6.713	3.116	13.473	4600	2.0069	9231
Selenium	2.637	0.6	4	1.553	4.093	3.116	8.215	NA	2.0069	NA
Thallium	NA	0.6	4	1.553	NA	3.116	NA	6.3	2.0069	12.644
Zinc	28.885	0.6	4	1.553	44.844	3.116	90	NA	2.0069	NA

#### **FOR COPPER**

AMEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star AMEL$  multiplier95

AMEL aquatic life =  $1.541 \times 1.553 = 2.392 \mu g/L$ 

MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star MDEL$  multiplier99

MDEL aquatic life =  $1.541 \times 3.116 = 4.8 \mu g/L$ 

### **FOR CYANIDE**

AMEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star AMEL$  multiplier95

AMEL  $_{aquatic\ life} = 0.321\ x\ 1.553 = 0.498\ \mu g/L$ 

MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star MDEL$  multiplier99

MDEL <sub>aquatic life</sub> =  $0.321 \times 3.116 = 1.0 \mu g/L$ 

#### **FOR NICKEL**

AMEL  $_{aquatic life} = LTA * AMEL _{multiplier95}$ 

AMEL aquatic life =  $4.324 \times 1.553 = 6.713 \mu g/L$ 

MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star MDEL$  multiplier99

MDEL <sub>aquatic life</sub> =  $2.637 \times 3.116 = 13.473 \mu g/L$ 

### **FOR SELENIUM**

AMEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star AMEL$  multiplier95

AMEL  $_{aquatic\;life}=2.637~x~1.553=4.0933~\mu g/L$ 

MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star MDEL$  multiplier99

MDEL aquatic life =  $2.637 \times 3.116 = 8.2150 \mu g/L$ 

### **FOR THALLIUM**

 $AMEL_{human health} = ECA$ 

AMEL <sub>human health</sub> =  $6.3 \mu g/L$ 

MDEL human health = ECA x MDEL multiplier/AMEL multiplier

MDEL <sub>human health</sub> =  $6.3 \text{ x} (2.0069) = 12.644 \mu \text{g/L}$ 

#### **FOR ZINC**

AMEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star AMEL$  multiplier95

# NPDES CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA TOXIC RULE FOR IID EI Centro Generating PERMIT NO.CA0104248 CALCULATIONS FOR AMEL AND MDEL

AMEL  $_{\rm aquatic\;life}=28.885~x~1.553=44.844~\mu g/L$ 

MDEL aquatic life =  $LTA \star MDEL$  multiplier99

MDEL aquatic life =  $28.885 \times 3.116 = 90.0 \mu g/L$ 

Pollutant	AMEL (µg/L)	MDEL (µg/L)		
Copper	2.392	4.80		
Cyanide	0.498	1.000		
Nickel	6.713	13.473		
Selenium	4.093	8.215		
Thallium	6.3	12.6437		
Zinc	44.844	90.0		